Spectroscopie théorique: décrire et comprendre les excitations électronique







Laboratoire des Solides Irradiés







OUTLINE

Theoretical Spectroscopy ETSF

Different type of spectroscopies: Photoemission

Absorption, Energy Loss

Beyond the linear response...

Matteo Gatti

Eleonora Luppi







Spectroscopy!



Spectroscopy



Spectroscopy



Beyond DFT

Silicon: absorption spectrum





Code development

Theory development





(Theoretical) spectroscopy

- Photoemission (PES/IPES, UPS, ARUPS, ...)
- Absorption (optical, XAS, XANES, NEXAFS,...)
- Reflectance (RAS, SDR, ...)
- Energy loss (EELS, IXS, ...)
- Raman, Auger, ...



European Theoretical Spectroscopy Facility



http://www.etsf.eu

Photoemission



Photoemission spectra of VO₂: a case study



Mechanism? Role of electronic correlation?

From: Koethe et al. PRL 97 (2006)

Photoemission: Beyond DFT



Lattice parameters and phase stability in LDA are OK

Green's function and self-energy



Green's function and self-energy



Green's function G = propagation of an extra-particle

self-energy Σ = nonlocal, complex, frequency dependent operator = exchange, correlation and dynamical relaxation

Standard G₀W₀ band structure

Kohn-Sham equation:

$$H_0(r)\varphi_{\rm KS}(r) + V_{xc}(r)\varphi_{\rm KS}(r) = \epsilon_{\rm KS}\varphi_{\rm KS}(r)$$

Quasiparticle equation:

$$H_0(r)\phi_{\rm QP}(r) + \int dr' \ \Sigma(r, r', \omega = E_{\rm QP}) \ \phi_{\rm QP}(r') = E_{\rm QP} \ \phi_{\rm QP}(r)$$

Quasiparticle energies = 1st order perturbative corrections

$$E_{\rm QP} - \epsilon_{\rm KS} = \langle \varphi_{\rm KS} | \Sigma - V_{xc} | \varphi_{\rm KS} \rangle$$

See: M. Hybersten and S.G. Louie, PRB 34 (1986); R.W. Godby, M Schlüter and L.J. Sham, PRB 37 (1988)

Standard G₀W₀ band structure



From: van Schilfgaarde et al., PRL 96 (2006)

Photoemission of VO₂



Standard G₀W₀ band structure

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Photoemission of VO₂



From: M. Gatti, F. Bruneval, V. Olevano and L. Reining, PRL 99 (2007)

Photoemission of VO₂



COHSEX = static approximation to GW (Hedin '65)

Theory development: beyond GW









Even good bandstructure
→ sometimes quite wrong absorption spectra!

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Neutral Excitations: Absorption spectra...







Electron-hole interaction

Excitonic effects

Bethe-Salpeter Equation

GW + Bethe Salpeter Equation $(H_{el} + H_{hole} + H_{el-hole}) A_{\lambda} = E_{\lambda} A_{\lambda}$ **RPA** Abs ~ $\sum_{vc} |\langle v|D|c\rangle|^2$ $\delta (E_c - E_v - \omega)$ Abs ~ $\Sigma_{\lambda} | \Sigma_{vc} < v | D | c > A_{\lambda}^{vc} |^2 \delta (E_{\lambda} - \omega)$

Mixing of transitions

Modification of excitation energies



BSE usually nice but 2 particle problem!

Can we use: $\rho(r,t)$?

Time Dependent Density Functional Theory



Change of potentials

Electron, hole and excitonic effects



• $\delta V_{xc}^{LDA}(r,t) / \delta \rho(r',t') = \delta(r-r')\delta(t-t')dV_{xc}/d\rho$



FINITE SYSTEMS YES

Identification of CdSe nanoparticles

INFINITE SYSTEMS NO

Faulire of TDLDA for infinite systems ...







But TDLDA often works:



Collective excitations Plasmons

$$S(Q,\omega) \propto -\mathrm{Im} \frac{1}{\varepsilon_M(Q,\omega)}$$





Collaboration LSI - ESRF (Grenoble)

But some discrepancies along the [111] reflection



Idea from the graphiteRalph Hambach, Christine Giorgetti(submitted to PRL)α=angle between the
momentum transfer q
and the deviation η

Strong anomaly angular dependence of the loss function

Anisotropy for isotropic materials?



Application for beam time at ESRF, Experimental Method (Ralph Hambach, H.-C. Weissker, Christine Giorgetti 2008) H.-C. Weissker *et al.*, *PRL* 97, 237602 (2006)

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Propagation of light in a medium:

Linear Optic

The response of the medium depends linearly on the electric field E

$$P^{a}(\omega) = \chi^{(1)}_{ab}(\omega)E^{b}(\omega)$$

(first order in E)

 E_{f}

Nonlinear Optic

For higher light intensities, we have to take into account superior orders

 $P^{a} = \chi^{(1)}_{ab}(\omega)E^{b}(\omega) + \chi^{(2)}_{abc}(\omega)E^{b}(\omega)E^{c}(\omega) + \chi^{(3)}_{abcd}(\omega)E^{b}(\omega)E^{c}(\omega)E^{d}(\omega) + \dots$

Génération de seconde harmonique

Second order response function χ^2

Eleonora Luppi, Hannes Hübener and Valerie Véniard



• sensitivity to local symmetry (probe)

•different selection rules and system resonances for e⁻ transitions in χ^2 respect with linear optic

Developments on several levels

Step 1: Microscopic Polarization

Second order response function: second order time-dependent perturbation theory

Step 2: Macroscopic Polarization

Calcul des Champs locaux: équations de Maxwell

Step 3: TDDFT

Excitonic effects

Etape 4: Implémentation numérique

Now



Perspectives:

- Interaction with high energy photons
- Higher order process

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